

BAMM is a global insights and strategy company

We deliver vibrant, strategic research which moves clients to act – making things happen for businesses and brands.

We call this Insight in Motion





The fandom story

- Interest Glue
- Doxicity // Toxicity
- Brandom
- Opportunities



What we did

Culture Sampling

Narrative analysis

50+ sources

Current cultural context of fandom

Conversation Sampling

Social media sampling

Fan communities & conversations

Natural Language Processing

Expert Interviews

3 x 1 hr Expert Interviews

Kim Townend Social and Digital Media Strategist

Dr. Jonathan Gray Professor in Media

Nicolle Lamerichs author of Productive Fandom

BAMM Ethnography

US & UK & Spain

14 x 1hr Fan IDIs

4 x 1.5hr Group Fan Interviews

Range of celebrity, brand, music, sport, and anime fans and ex-fans

BAMM Survey

US & UK

1,000 respondents total

Age 18+, fans

10 min survey



Why Fandom?

#1.
Create
Cultural
Relevance

#2.
Connect
with your
Audiences

#3.
Cookieocalypse

INTEREST GLUE





Philcon, 1936

Fan

a person who has a strong interest or admiration for something or somebody

Fandom

a subculture of fans characterized by feelings of empathy and camaraderie with others who share a common interest



When we feel like we're part of a group we feel good, our brains are flooded with dopamine, the happiness chemical.

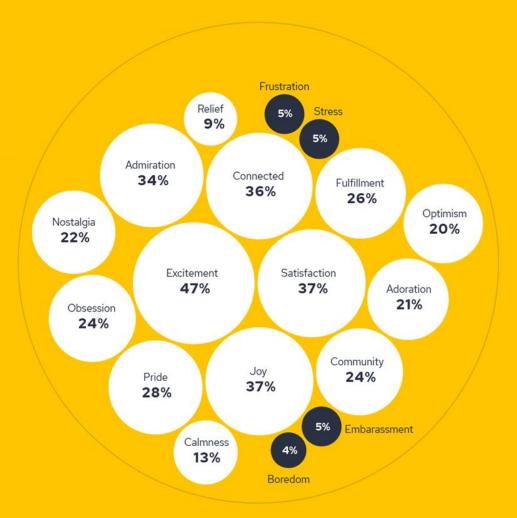
Zoe Fraade-Blanar Author Superfandom

Factories of excitement, joy, connectedness

What words do you associate with being a fan?

Positive Negative





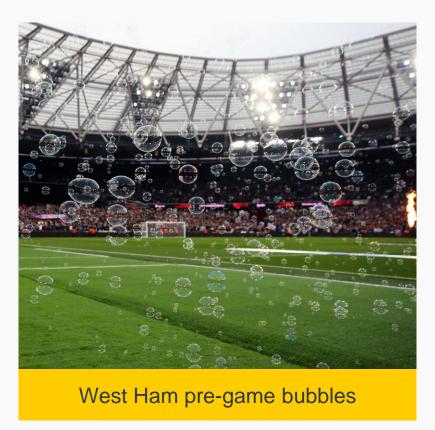
55%

Gives me a sense of community/belonging



Brought together by rituals





Sharing a common language





army

yoongi

jimin

suga

rm

hobi

agust

bangtan

military

ot7

dday

ihope

tae

festa

namjoon

weverse

jungkook

butter

bam







cherry

stomper







fenty riri savage

sexy damn

bbhmm

queen umbrella

rocky

diamond

r9

barbados

riris

a\$ap

devil

eye

thicc

pon censored

TF-IDF analysis on fan subreddits

Connecting via common, sometimes subtle symbols



43%

have bought a product / merchandise as a fan

Bonding through giving, receiving and reciprocation



Fandoms themselves can be very anti-capitalist. They're very much based on gift economies like you create things for each other. You're not there to sell.



Professor Jonathan Gray



Having a collective shared history



Discussion over a fandom Canon* is an excellent way of building rapport. Watching their idol and passion grow with them deepens the bond in fans and creates its own kind of nostalgia

*'Canon' is what is considered the authoritative source for the fandom material, i.e. the truth

Connecting to the past & each other through nostalgia





New Balance MT580 relaunch



Finding relevance through self-identification

I'm obsessed with Batman. A few years ago, I started struggling with my mobility and started reading more comics. A character, Barbara Gordon, is paralyzed from the waist down and uses a wheelchair and I'm getting a wheelchair soon. She means a let me.

Skye, 19, US Batman Superfan Luke Skywalker wasn't the strongest guy, he wasn't the fastest, he was just the kid that was there. He's very guy next door. That's probably how I classify myself too.

Scott, 42, US Star Wars Superfan



And through shared values



Lady Gaga has promoted
LGBTQ+ causes since 2008, and
fans say her music has helped
them come out to their parents or
deal with bullying.

42%

Being a fan is as important as my other relationships in my life

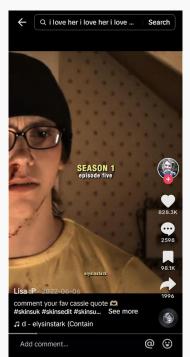
1 in 10

Missed a birthday/ anniversary/ wedding for their fandom

Platforms like Instagram and TikTok are widening fandoms, bringing them to new generations

There's a whole new generation of people that went onto TikTok, and that brings the younger people in and shows them, oh, this show is a staple

Alicia, 19, UK Skins Fan







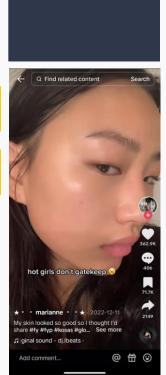


Creating a new form of fluid fandom

It's now quicker and easier to immerse yourself in fandom

No culture of "gatekeeping"

Easier for fans to jump between fandoms









Implications

Reflect the tone, energy and positivity in your comms about and within fandoms

If planning to communicate to a fandom, immerse yourself in its rituals, symbols, language, history, and values to ensure you're reflecting, and showing understanding of, the community



DOXICITY // TOXICITY

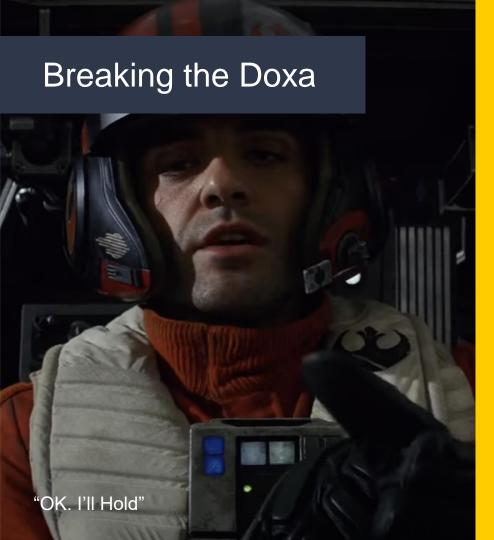




DOXA:

The norms and rules that are taken for granted in a fandom.





"Fandoms are always doxic in specific ways that tend to exclude certain kinds of fans"

Matt Hills
Professor of Fandom Studies



Protecting the reputation and identity of their fan objects; creating subcultures of Anti-Fans



The anti-fan is first and foremost a fan, and resorts to anti-fandom so as to protect their fan object from the threat its "counterforce" poses

Brands can use
these "Stan Wars"
to maintain
contemporary
cultural relevance.
Using trending
topics in
marketing works
extremely well
when done right

We don't use our money to support Britney's dad or the people that were keeping her prisoner. The whole #FreeBritney campaign did a good job of making us, as a community, aware of the ways we should support her.



Jerica, 40, US Britney Spears Fan

I'm a fan of Kpop music. I'm not a fan of the Kpop industry. An idol called Moon Ben committed suicide yesterday, he was only 25 years old. There's been at least five suicides in the past five years in the industry. That intensity I will never support.



Lexi, 27, EE KPop Fan

Growth of social platforms make toxic side of fandom more visible

Fandoms have migrated to platforms like Twitter and TikTok, and fans are no longer interacting with mostly likeminded people. Creators are also accessible, facilitating personal attacks against them.

Dr Lynn Zubernis Psychologist That's what deterred me from social media. I would hit the negative tweets and it's like 'ah, I can't do this sh-t. Some people just be evil bro. People say words don't hurt, but that sh*t pierces sometimes.

Paul George LA Clippers



35%

There are more aggressive fans today than in the past

22%

Fan communities can be more toxic today than in the past

Implications

1

Map and test the doxa of your brand's fan community (if you have one), and the fan communities you're communicating with so that you have some visibility into the unwritten rules you either should abide by or knowingly break

2

Understand your brand's anti-fans (if you have them), the impact they have on your business, and how you might improve perceptions among them

3

Be a voice against the toxicity within and between fan communities

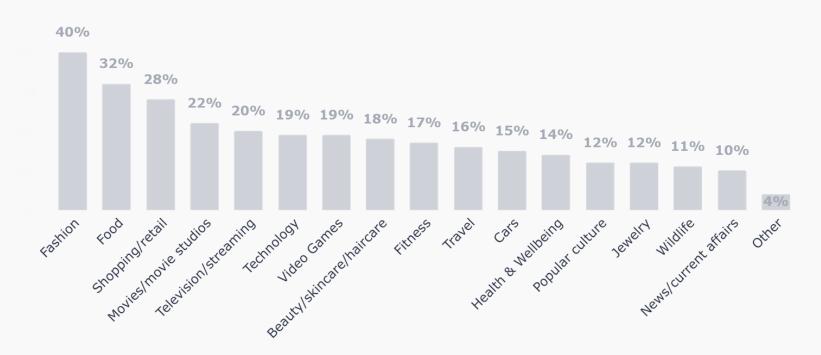


BRANDOM



CREATE	FACILITATE	PARTICIPATE	COMMUNICATE
The brand community	Other existing fan communities		

Create: Some categories, like fashion, are more likely to naturally spark brand communities than others



Create: Brands with good product or experiences and strong values can create fandoms









Corteiz surprise releases

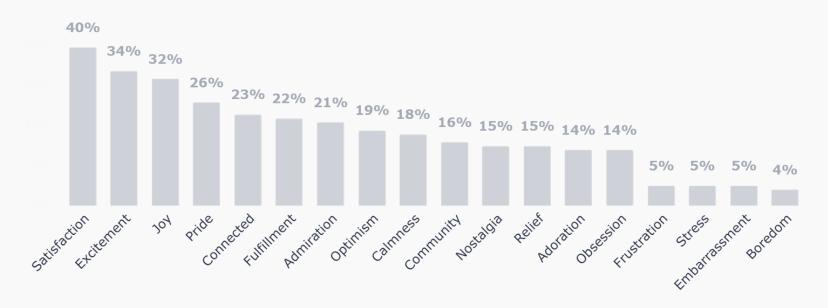
Create: Brand fandoms are built on values, and the brand having a strong, creative identity

What other reasons (aside from products/experiences), would make you a fan of a brand?

32%	They share my values		
30%	They are creative/innovative		
29%	They have a strong brand identity		
28%	They remind me of past memories/nostalgia		
27%	They genuinely care about people		
24%	My friends/peers like them		
21%	They are honest/admit their mistakes		Entertaining content isn't
20%	They have funny/entertaining advertising		
19%	They are sustainability-conscious		
16%	They challenge the status quo		enough for a
15%	They create content that I like on social media		brand to build a fandom
14%	They have strong ties to the country I am from		1
9%	Other		

Create: However, brand fandoms are less emotionally intense & fuel less connectedness vs. other fandoms

What words do you associate with being a fan of this brand?



Create: Perhaps because there tend to be fewer ways to engage in a brand community outside of the product

A key difference comes from engagement - non-brand fandoms can provide active engagement, giving people a sense purpose, escape and self-expression, whereas brands typically provide content or products to be consumed/purchased passively

What have you done/like to do, as a fan?

	Any Fan	Brand Fans	Ppt Diff
Join online groups	20%	12%	-8%
Waited in long lines	20%	11%	-9%
Stayed up all night	22%	12%	-10%
Talk about it with peers	33%	22%	-11%
Travel somewhere	27%	14%	-13%
Gone to an event	31%	14%	-17%

Facilitate, Participate, Communicate: Brands should identify fandoms that give them reach & relevance



Facilitate: One approach is to help facilitate the way fans experience and connect with others within the fandom



Ben & Jerry's Concerts



McDonald's & Pokémon GO



Amex Tennis Experience

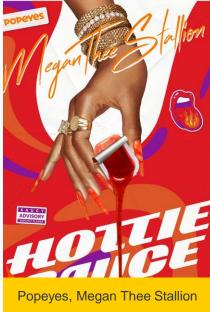
Participate: Showing the brand is connecting to the fandom through its codes, language and tone







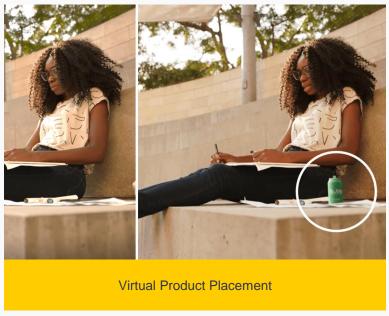






Communicate: The new spaces





Implications

Consider whether you Create and maintain your own fandom, or play in other fandom communities (or both)

People think about being a fan of a brand (and feel emotions) differently vs. other types of fandoms - know the limits that may exist in creating your own community

To decide which fandoms to play in, consider using the following filters: target, size, enhance, ease, own



OPPORTUNI-TIES



Opportunities











Have a fandom strategy

To create cultural relevance, reach your audiences, and play in the post-cookie world

Decide how you're going to play

Do you create, facilitate, participate, or communicate?
Depends on your category, brand, and appetite

Decide where you're going to play

Where are good numbers of your audience? What supports or enhances your brand positioning? Where can you stand out?

Jump into new fandom opportunities

Play fluidly across fandoms, as the new fans do. Fuel new/re-emergent fandoms. Play in the new fandom spaces.

Spread happiness & connection

Reflect the energy, excitement, joy and feelings of connection that define why people are fans



THANK YOU

Maria Maione, Senior Researcher, Meta Anthony Martin, CEO, BAMM

